



---

# **AP<sup>®</sup> Calculus BC**

## **2014 Free-Response Questions**

---

© 2014 The College Board. College Board, Advanced Placement Program, AP, AP Central, and the acorn logo are registered trademarks of the College Board.

Visit the College Board on the Web: [www.collegeboard.org](http://www.collegeboard.org).

AP Central is the official online home for the AP Program: [apcentral.collegeboard.org](http://apcentral.collegeboard.org).

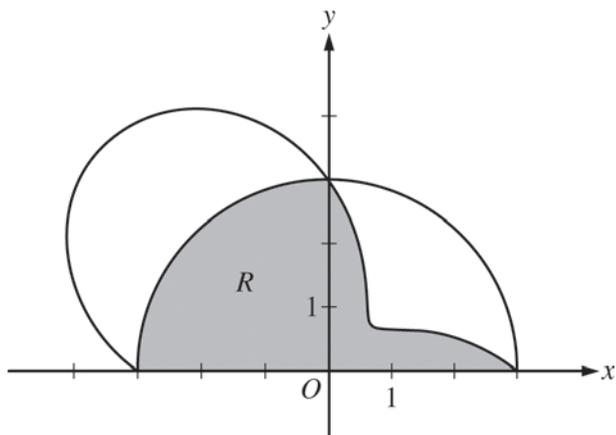
**2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS**

**CALCULUS BC**  
**SECTION II, Part A**  
**Time—30 minutes**  
**Number of problems—2**

**A graphing calculator is required for these problems.**

1. Grass clippings are placed in a bin, where they decompose. For  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ , the amount of grass clippings remaining in the bin is modeled by  $A(t) = 6.687(0.931)^t$ , where  $A(t)$  is measured in pounds and  $t$  is measured in days.
- (a) Find the average rate of change of  $A(t)$  over the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ . Indicate units of measure.
  - (b) Find the value of  $A'(15)$ . Using correct units, interpret the meaning of the value in the context of the problem.
  - (c) Find the time  $t$  for which the amount of grass clippings in the bin is equal to the average amount of grass clippings in the bin over the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 30$ .
  - (d) For  $t > 30$ ,  $L(t)$ , the linear approximation to  $A$  at  $t = 30$ , is a better model for the amount of grass clippings remaining in the bin. Use  $L(t)$  to predict the time at which there will be 0.5 pound of grass clippings remaining in the bin. Show the work that leads to your answer.
-

2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



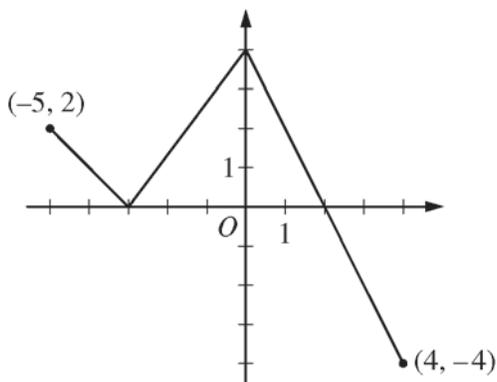
2. The graphs of the polar curves  $r = 3$  and  $r = 3 - 2\sin(2\theta)$  are shown in the figure above for  $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$ .
- (a) Let  $R$  be the shaded region that is inside the graph of  $r = 3$  and inside the graph of  $r = 3 - 2\sin(2\theta)$ . Find the area of  $R$ .
- (b) For the curve  $r = 3 - 2\sin(2\theta)$ , find the value of  $\frac{dx}{d\theta}$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .
- (c) The distance between the two curves changes for  $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Find the rate at which the distance between the two curves is changing with respect to  $\theta$  when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .
- (d) A particle is moving along the curve  $r = 3 - 2\sin(2\theta)$  so that  $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 3$  for all times  $t \geq 0$ . Find the value of  $\frac{dr}{dt}$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .
- 

END OF PART A OF SECTION II

**2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS**

**CALCULUS BC**  
**SECTION II, Part B**  
**Time—60 minutes**  
**Number of problems—4**

No calculator is allowed for these problems.



Graph of  $f$

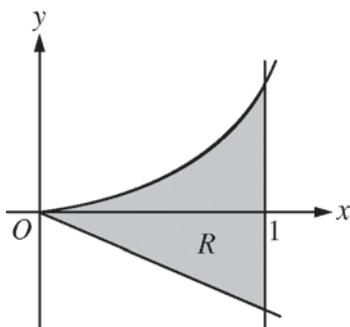
3. The function  $f$  is defined on the closed interval  $[-5, 4]$ . The graph of  $f$  consists of three line segments and is shown in the figure above. Let  $g$  be the function defined by  $g(x) = \int_{-3}^x f(t) dt$ .
- (a) Find  $g(3)$ .
- (b) On what open intervals contained in  $-5 < x < 4$  is the graph of  $g$  both increasing and concave down? Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) The function  $h$  is defined by  $h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{5x}$ . Find  $h'(3)$ .
- (d) The function  $p$  is defined by  $p(x) = f(x^2 - x)$ . Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of  $p$  at the point where  $x = -1$ .
-

**2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS**

$t$ (minutes)	0	2	5	8	12
$v_A(t)$ (meters/minute)	0	100	40	-120	-150

4. Train  $A$  runs back and forth on an east-west section of railroad track. Train  $A$ 's velocity, measured in meters per minute, is given by a differentiable function  $v_A(t)$ , where time  $t$  is measured in minutes. Selected values for  $v_A(t)$  are given in the table above.
- Find the average acceleration of train  $A$  over the interval  $2 \leq t \leq 8$ .
  - Do the data in the table support the conclusion that train  $A$ 's velocity is  $-100$  meters per minute at some time  $t$  with  $5 < t < 8$ ? Give a reason for your answer.
  - At time  $t = 2$ , train  $A$ 's position is 300 meters east of the Origin Station, and the train is moving to the east. Write an expression involving an integral that gives the position of train  $A$ , in meters from the Origin Station, at time  $t = 12$ . Use a trapezoidal sum with three subintervals indicated by the table to approximate the position of the train at time  $t = 12$ .
  - A second train, train  $B$ , travels north from the Origin Station. At time  $t$  the velocity of train  $B$  is given by  $v_B(t) = -5t^2 + 60t + 25$ , and at time  $t = 2$  the train is 400 meters north of the station. Find the rate, in meters per minute, at which the distance between train  $A$  and train  $B$  is changing at time  $t = 2$ .
-

2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



5. Let  $R$  be the shaded region bounded by the graph of  $y = xe^{x^2}$ , the line  $y = -2x$ , and the vertical line  $x = 1$ , as shown in the figure above.
- (a) Find the area of  $R$ .
- (b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the volume of the solid generated when  $R$  is rotated about the horizontal line  $y = -2$ .
- (c) Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the perimeter of  $R$ .
-

**2014 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS**

6. The Taylor series for a function  $f$  about  $x = 1$  is given by  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{2^n}{n} (x - 1)^n$  and converges to  $f(x)$  for  $|x - 1| < R$ , where  $R$  is the radius of convergence of the Taylor series.
- (a) Find the value of  $R$ .
- (b) Find the first three nonzero terms and the general term of the Taylor series for  $f'$ , the derivative of  $f$ , about  $x = 1$ .
- (c) The Taylor series for  $f'$  about  $x = 1$ , found in part (b), is a geometric series. Find the function  $f'$  to which the series converges for  $|x - 1| < R$ . Use this function to determine  $f$  for  $|x - 1| < R$ .
- 

**STOP**

**END OF EXAM**